## **Future Trends in Reservoir Management**

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#### **Reservoir Management**

Maximize *economic value* of hydrocarbon fields with implementation of cost effective *production optimization* techniques and *recovery mecanisms* 

⇒Comprehensive analysis of *reservoir behavior* and *production mecanisms* throughout the life cycle of a field

⇒Accurate model representation of the reservoir – wells – facilities system







# Field monitoring and data acquisition

## **Real Time – Permanent - Redundancy**



## **The Field Monitoring leading principles**

#### **Enhanced data acquisition**

- Intelligent Sensors
- Distributed Measurements (Fiber Optics)
- Micro & nano-sensors (MEMS/NEMS)
- Wireless sensors (active / passive)

#### **Real-time information**

- Permanent monitoring systems
- State-of-the-art communication Network
- Exception-based surveillance
- On-line modelling

### **Integrated Operations**

- Across assets ('full awareness')
- Across distances (remote support)
- Across disciplines (collaborative work)



The right information to the right people in the right place, at the right time



### **Advances in data acquisition**

#### **Develop permanent monitoring solutions**

- Downhole permanent sensors
- Permanent / semi-permanent seismic arrays
- Subsea sensors

#### **Improve spatial coverage**

- Distributed fiber optics
- Remote sensing (camera / airborne / satellite)
- Deep reservoir investigation (tracers, potential methods, µ-seismics)

#### **Reduce instrumentation costs**

- Low cost sensors (Nano-sensors)
- Wireless networks



Subsea seismic nodes (Dalia field, Angola)



Fiber optics sensing (Sendji field, Congo)

n the well @Flowing

erse fluid movement through the nump

monitoring the entire reservoir – well – facilities system



## **Advances in integration & optimization**

#### **Monitor actual vs. expected performance**

- Automated Key performance indicator reporting
- On-line simulation
- Use data redundancy for cross-validation

#### **Remove distance or discipline barriers**

- Virtual exchanges (data centers, videoconference)
- Physical environments (collaborative centers)

#### **Achieve continuous optimization**

- Model-based optimization
- Advanced process control



Virtual metering (Rosa field, Angola)



Total Activity Support Center (Norway)



Online gas-lift optimization (Sendji field, Congo)

Measuring the performance of the entire reservoir-well(facilities system



## **Technical challenges**



Mastering the chain from raw data to decision making



## Reservoir Evaluation Seeing is Believing



## **Challenges in Reservoir evaluation**

#### **Increasing diversity of problematics**

Permeability from 0.0001 mD to 10000 mD
Porosity from 1% to 40%
Fluid viscosity from 0,2cP to 10<sup>6</sup> cP

#### **Evolution of recovery mechanisms**

« Smart water »
•Chemical
•Thermal in situ / ex situ…

## Physics of fluid flow in porous media to be revisited...

.. But what is the correct scale of investigation?





### Pore scale imaging using X-Ray microtomography

#### Investigate multi phase flow at pore for complex recovery mecanisms

#### **Current application domain**

Sandstone, K > 50 mD
Access to residual immiscible fluids only

#### **Tomorrow**

 tighter and heterogeneous rocks, visualize flowing fluids







### Visualisation of production mecanisms at seismic scale

- water injection and gas injection pathways in 3D
- Identification of *undrained area* to locate infill wells
- History match of simulation model to *improve production* forecast
- Measure of efficency of recovery mecanisms (polymer flood



## Reservoir modelling and simulation The right scale with HPC



## Modelling pore network to simulate complex flow paterns



### Modelling geological features and processes to capture reservoir heterogeneities



### Taking advantage of computing capailities

•Computing power has increased by a factor of **1000** in the past ten years

•Larger seismic data set can be processed : Giga bytes in 2000 Tera bytes today (*x by 1000*)

•Larger reservoir models can be simulated : 100 Kgrid cell models in 2000, 1G models today (*x by 10000*)

⇒Access to unprecedent level of integration from seismic to network modelling





## Production Optimization Operations No limits with Technology



### **Artificial lift technologies for improving production systems**

- Artificial lift necessary to produce wells in mature oil fields due to pressure decline or water breakthrough
- ESP allows to lower flowing pressure and increase production
- Some simple technologies to improve ESP potential and reliability
  - Dual ESP
  - ESP Automation
  - Gas handling improvement
  - Wire line retrievable ESPs







## Flow assurance solutions to push the limits of sub-sea tie-backs in mature areas

- a sub-sea tie-back of a small prospect to an existing manifold (Alwyn area)
- Gas Condensate production from 1 well
- Risk on restart following unplaned shut down due to flow assurance issues (Hydrates)
- A standard Pipe In Pipe with Heat Trace cables and fiber optics













## Multiphase High Boost Pumps: the activation solution for a long subsea tie-back

- Objective: lower tubing head pressure to increase liquid rate and reach higher BSW. Field reserves increased by 10 %
- World first, deepwater (1,400 m) high boost MPP
- ΔP up to 130 bar with GVF ranging from 0% to 100% (70% in normal operation)
- High-level monitoring (MPFM, sensors...) for 'live' pump operation. Modular design for easier maintenance



### Water treatment technologies to preserve the environment

- On average, every barrel of oil produced involves the handling of more than three barrels of water
- Produced Water Re-Injection (PWRI) : prefered option for environmental considerations but requires efficient filtration methods to maintain injectivity
- Filtration of Produced Water with Ceramic membranes (filtration threshold below 0.1 micron).







## Technology is a key enabler to get more value from hydrocarbon fields

#### ... but the real challenge is understanding how to make the most of it!

"It was not the radar that won the Battle of Britain, but the organization that was developed around it"









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